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SOURCE Yugoslav newspapers as indicated. (Information requested.)

**SMALL PERCENT
OF BUSINESS
IN PRIVATE HANDS**

NATIONALIZATION OF COMMERCE -- Borba, No 289, 29 Nov 49

According to a speech by Mose Pijade on 28 November, 89.2 percent of all Yugoslav commercial enterprises, doing 85 percent of all business, were privately owned in 1945. During the third quarter of 1948, only 2.7 percent of the commercial enterprises, doing 0.6 percent of all business, were privately owned.

Only 1.7 percent of all commercial enterprises, doing 3 percent of all business, were state-owned in 1945, as compared with 38.8 percent doing 53 percent of all business, during the third quarter of 1948.

In 1945, 9.1 percent of all commercial enterprises, doing 12 percent of all business, were cooperatives, as compared with 47.7 percent, doing 37.2 percent of all business, in the third quarter of 1948.

During the third quarter of 1948, 10.7 percent of all commercial enterprises, being 9 percent of all business, belonged to social institutions, a situation that did not exist in 1945 and 1946.

The state owned 0.8 percent of the total arable acreage in Yugoslavia in 1946, as compared with 3 percent at the beginning of 1948. Farm workers' cooperatives held 0.4 percent in 1946, and 1.5 percent at the beginning of 1948. In 1946, 98.8 percent, and at the beginning of 1948, 95.5 percent was privately owned.

By the end of 1945, 55 percent of the industry of prewar Yugoslavia had been taken over by the state through confiscation of the property of traitors and collaborators or through expropriation of German property; 27 percent was under sequestration by the state; and 18 percent remained in private hands.

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Under the nationalization law, all industry of national and republic significance was taken over by the state in 1946. Only about 70 percent of all industry of local significance remained in private hands. No industry, whatever, even of local significance, remained in private hands in 1948. Even transportation and banking have received the same treatment.

Thus, all industry, mining, and transportation have been socialized, and all commerce collectivized. Agriculture remains in the opposite camp, and the farmer-speculator continues to be one of the major problems in the Yugoslav economy.

NATIONALIZATION IN CROATIA -- Politika, No 13090, 23 Nov 48

Dusan Brlic, in a speech before the Congress of the Communist Party of Croatia, announced that 211 industrial enterprises of republican and 30 of national significance, 40 mining enterprises, 28 banks, 45 construction, and 51 commercial enterprises have come into the possession of the federal government through socialization of the property of enemies of the people. During the first nationalization in December 1946, 123 privately owned enterprises of republican significance were taken over by the government. During the second nationalization in April 1948, about 1,095 privately owned enterprises, most of them of moderate size, were taken over, the majority by National Councils.

COLLECTIVIZATION OF AGRICULTURE IN CROATIA -- Politika, No 13090, 25 Nov 48

Dusan Brlic informed the Congress of the Communist Party of Yugoslavia that there are now 36 state farms, with a total area of 36,756 hectares, in Croatia.

There are now 1,100 tractors in Croatia, as compared with 350 in 1945, and 400 tractors remain in private hands. There are 21 farms machinery stations in Croatia.

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